Flip Shop Stop Instructions

Introduction

As you look at your new INCRA Flip Shop Stop and fence for the first time you will no doubt see a most interesting detail. The front face of the fence uses a tongue and groove arrangement to accept a mating feature on the flip arms. When the flip arm is down with the two opposing tongue and grooves engaged, it becomes impossible for the sharp corner of a mitered board end to wedge between the fence and flip arm. Combined with the already famous incremental positioning capabilities of the Incra saw-toothed racks, you'll soon be duplicating cut off lengths with machine shop precision.

Micro Adjusting

Micro adjusting your stop position can be accomplished in a variety of ways. Use the supplied hex tool to loosen the two socket head screws located on the top of the stop body and then turn the micro adjust socket head screw to fine tune the stop position. Fig 1. When unscrewing the micro adjust screw, apply pressure to the stop body to keep it against the screw end. After adjustment, always tighten the two socket head screws on top of the stop body.

When using the stop rods in the flip arms, another way to micro adjust is to simply shift the position of the rod. A dual rod setup can provide the most controlled means of adjusting. Place a short rod in one flip arm and a long rod in the other, then slide the rods to contact each other between the two flip arms before tightening the thumbscrews. With this setup in place, one rod will be in a "backup" position to the actual "stop" rod. Fig. 2.

To micro adjust the stop rod forward, loosen the thumbscrew that secures it and place a shim or spacer, equal in thickness to the adjustment required, between the backup and the stop rod. Slide the stop rod against the shim and tighten the thumbscrew. Detail 2.

To micro adjust the stop rod backward, first loosen the backup rod and place the shim or spacer between the backup and stop rods. Slide the backup rod against the shim and tighten the thumbscrew. Remove the shim, loosen the stop rod thumbscrew, slide the stop rod to contact the backup rod and tighten in place.

Zeroing to the Blade

To zero the stop and scale to the blade, begin by locating the fence a safe distance from the blade and tightening the socket head screws that secure the fence. Clamp the stop to the fence about 10" away from the blade. Crosscut a piece of scrap stock with this setup. Measure the length of the cut piece. Fig 3. If the cut piece measurement is some multiple of $\frac{1}{32}$ " (i.e.: $10^{\frac{1}{32}}$, $10^{\frac{1}{16}}$, $10^{\frac{3}{32}}$, $10^{\frac{1}{8}}$ etc.), slide the scale on the

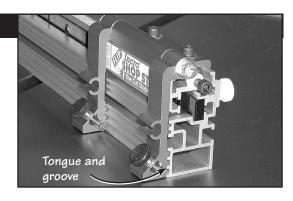
Detail 3

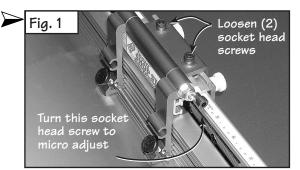
fence to read the length of the piece directly under one end of the stop. Detail 3.

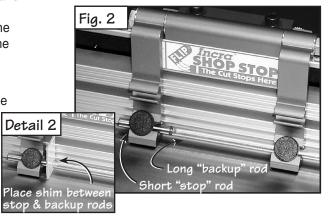
If the cut piece measurement is not a multiple of $\frac{1}{32}$ (example: $10^{1}/_{64}$, micro adjust the stop forward $\frac{1}{64}$, and recut the board. When the test cut measurement equals some multiple of 1/32", slide the scale on the fence to read the length of the piece directly under one end of the stop. **Note:** When zeroing the scale for mitering setups, the test cuts must be made with the fence locked to the selected angle.

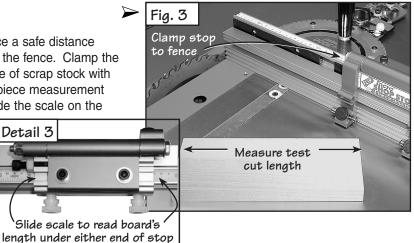
About your Fence Scales

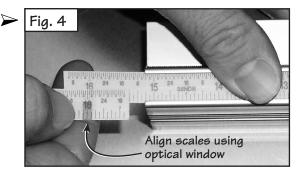
All INCRA products use overlapping 16" long Lexan scales. The overlap allows finetuning the scale from one end to the other to agree with the high degree of accuracy provided by the Incra saw toothed positioning racks. These scales are printed initially in 16" lengths (0-16", 16-32", 32-48" etc.). As they are slid into the scale slot on the fence, the ends are overlapped and aligned using the optical window located at the end of the second scale. Fig 4. The friction fit will keep the scales in place. If you wish, you can use a small piece of double faced tape at the overlap to ensure that the scales move together when changing your zeroed setups for mitering.











Flip Arms and Stop Rods

The dual flip arms and stop rods provided permit a variety of stop configurations. The flip arms can be used without the stop rods when you want to take advantage of the fence/arm tongue and groove feature for stop control on mitered board ends. Typically you will use the longer rod to join the two arms together. **Fig 5**. This produces an arrangement that, when pivoted, moves both arms simultaneously. The rod can be positioned so that it is the actual stop surface or it can be positioned slightly behind the front of the arm so that the aluminum arm is the actual stop surface.

By placing one of the shorter $1^{1/2}$ " rods in each of the two stop arms, you can use the two stop arms independently. **Fig 6**. For example, you can calibrate one for work to the left of the blade and the other for work to the right. On one side of the blade you might want to position the stop rods to provide two different cut off lengths from one position. Just pivot the arm nearest the blade up and the second arm is ready. By using varying combinations of long or short rods you can create as much as $7^{3/4}$ " between the two stop positions.

Expanded Clamping Mode

The two part body design of the INCRA Flip Stop allows for the use of a $^{3}/_{4}$ " wooden subfence. The subfence can be used to provide tear out control as well as support for your workpiece up to and beyond the blade. To expand the Incra Flip Shop Stop, loosen the two socket head screws located on the top of the stop body, then slide the upper portion of the stop off. Now slide the upper portion back on, capturing the rectangular nuts in the second T-slot located on the lower portion of the stop body, **Fig 7**.

Making a Zero Clearance Wooden Subfence

A good material to use for making your zero clearance subfence is ³/₄" medium density fiberboard (MDF). Use the drill and counterbore dimensions shown to the right. **Fig 8**. Adjust the length of the fence to accommodate your application.

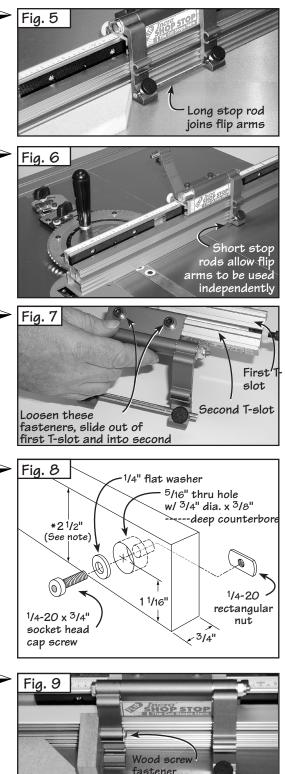
***Note:** In applications where the incremental stopping capability of the Flip Shop Stop is required, the wooden fence can be no taller than 2¹/₂".



To avoid the saw blade pulling your workpiece into the cut, add a strip of adhesive backed sandpaper to the front face of the wooden subfence.

Making a Wooden Auxiliary Stop Surface

In some applications you may discover that making and attaching a wooden stop surface to one of the flip arms can be beneficial. Use a wood screw to attach the wooden auxiliary stop through the slotted hole located midway up the flip arm. You can equip the second flip arm with the longer stop rod to provide outboard support for the auxiliary stop. **Fig 9**.



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Auxiliary stop

WARRANTY

Taylor Design Group, Inc. warrants this product for one year from date of purchase. We will repair any defects due to faulty material or workmanship, or at our option, replace the product free of charge. Please return the failing component only, postage prepaid, along with a description of the problem to the address below. This warranty does not apply to parts which have been subjected to improper use, alteration, or abuse.

LIFETIME WARRANTY ON POSITIONING RACKS

If an INCRA positioning rack in this tool becomes damaged for ANY reason, Taylor Design Group will replace it free of charge for as long as you own your tool. Return the damaged rack, postage prepaid, and allow 1 to 2 weeks for delivery.

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